

Migration

Why People Migrate

What is Migration

- Migration
 - Refers to the movement of people from one area to another.
 - General refers to a permanent move by people to a new location.



Factors influencing Migration

- Physical and Human factors influence where people settle
 - Example: Physical
 - Climate, Soil, Water supply, Transportation, etc.
 - Example: Human
 - Political Systems, Economic Systems, etc.

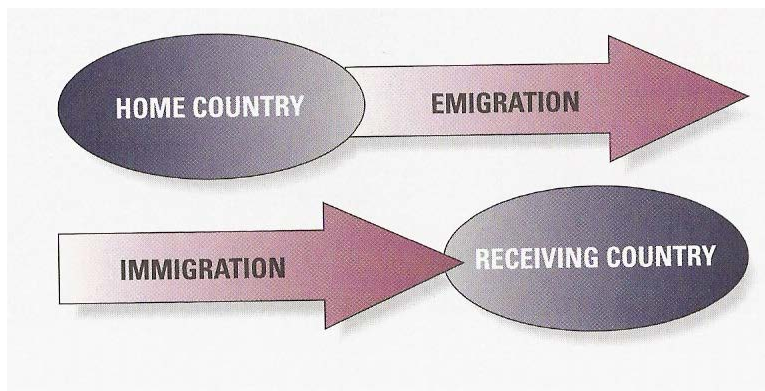


Immigrants vs. Emigrants

- Immigrants vs. Emigrants
 - Immigrants are people who move into another country
 - Emigrants are people who leave (exit) the country to live elsewhere

Immigrants are people coming **I**n to a country.

Emigrants are people who are **E**xiting a country.



Immigrant vs. Emigrant Quiz

- A Swedish woman decides to chase the American dream. She packs all her belongings and boards a ship bound for to the United States.
- 1) To herself, and the country of Sweden, this woman is what?
- EMIGRANT
- 2) To her new American neighbors, the woman is a what from Sweden?
- IMMIGRANT

Reasons for Migration: Push & Pull Factors

- Geographers divide the reason for migration:
 - Push Factors
 - Events that PUSH people out of their old location.
 - Pull Factors
 - Attractions that PULL migrants to a new location.



- few services
- lack of job opportunities
- unhappy life
- poor transport links
- natural disasters
- wars
- shortage of food

- access to services
- better job opportunities
- more entertainment facilities
- better transport links
- improved living conditions
- hope for a better way of life
- family links

Other Push & Pull Factors

- Push Factors
 - Oppression
 - Poverty
 - Political Conflicts
 - Environment Factors
- Pull Factors
 - Freedom
 - Economic Opportunity
 - Cultural ties



Social Factors

- Under the Roman Empire, Jewish people after the fall of the Roman Empire. In Europe, discrimination against Jewish neighbors expelled them. France, Ferdinand ordered the Christianization of Jews, and they chose to resettle in Holland, Hungary, Poland, and Italy, where they were welcomed. Many Jews also migrated to the Ottoman Empire, where they settled in Istanbul or Palestine.



PUSH FACTOR,
PULL FACTOR,
OR BOTH?

Economic Factors

- After World War II, many Turks, attracted by higher wages, left Turkey to work as “guest workers” rebuilding West Germany. Many of these workers returned to Turkey, but a large number remain in Germany. Some of these guest workers live in “ghettos,” do not speak German, and have housing and income levels below average. Most of them are still not German citizens, even after living for decades in the country.



PUSH FACTOR,
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Political Factors

- In 1959, Fidel Castro came to power in Cuba. He promised to create a democratic society. However, Castro set up a communist regime. Cubans who opposed Castro's policies were imprisoned, and radio, and television stations opposed to Castro's regime were either shut down or put under government control. Thousands of Cubans, disillusioned by his policies and opposed to Communism, fled Cuba for the safety of the United States. Once there, they could enjoy the benefits of a democratic society.



BOTH



**PUSH FACTOR,
PULL FACTOR,
OR BOTH?**

Physical Geography affecting Migration

- Bering Strait
 - An Land Bridge created from Ice.
 - Gradual spread across American occurred.
- Physical barriers slowed down travel.
 - Mountains, deserts, or dense forests

